RISE AND SWASTHYA PAHAL REPORT

14/02/2020

Foundation of Healthcare Technologies Society Dr. Ashish Joshi





SWASTHYA PAHAL (Health for all)

Swasthya Pahal (Health for all) is an interactive, innovative, technology enabled, Sustainable, Multi-Sectoral, Accessible, Affordable, Reimbursable and Tailored (SMAART) initiative. It utilizes touch screen, computer enabled, SMAART Portable Health Information Kiosks (PHIK) to enhance self-management of non-communicable diseases among individuals at risk of metabolic syndrome (including diabetes, hypertension, high cholesterol and obesity). SMAART PHIK is implemented through a series of health care camps held across urban slums and rural/tribal settings in India.

Objectives

- To integrate clinical and non-clinical data sources by combining principles of ICTs to enhance population health outcomes across diverse geographic settings.
- To utilise the PHIK as a tool to assess the burden of chronic disease and associated risk factors in diverse settings such as urban slums and rural/tribal settings in India.

Camp Day: 14th February 2020

Obstruction is **Opportunit**

Date: 14th February 2020

Venue: Bhikaji Cama Place Complex, R. K. Puram, New Delhi.

Start time: 12:00 PM

End time: 3:30 PM 炎

Objective: To impart health and nutrition education to the participants and measure their height, weight, blood pressure and blood sugar besides seeking other health related information.

Total beneficiaries and female beneficiaries in Swasthya Pahal: 32, 2

Total participants in RISE, female participants in RISE: 30, 2

Team Members: Ashok, Deepak, Swati, Radha, Shruti Bahl, Akansha, Faizan, Grecy, Pate, Sanathoi, Deepak Yadav, Rajit



Agenda of the camp

Components of the camp	Details	Material and methods used
1. Registration	• Collection of information from the participants such as name, age, phone number and address.	Receipt booklet
2. Measurement of height and weight	• Height and weight was measured using standard procedures and protocols.	Digital weighing machine, Stadiometer
3. Measurement of blood pressure and sugar	• Blood pressure and blood sugar was measured using standard procedures and protocols.	Digital machines for measuring blood pressure and blood sugar, lancet, strips, cotton swabs, spirit
4. PHIK	 Collection of data from the participants pertaining to their socio-demographic profile, medical history, physical activity and alcohol and smoking consumption pattern Assessment of risk factors based on the information collected 	Laptop (touchscreen)
5. Nutrition counselling	 Based on the assessment report generated by PHIK, participants were provided individualized diet and nutrition counselling to prevent and manage non- communicable diseases including hypertension, diabetes and overweight and obesity. They were counselled about healthy dietary habits, healthy snacking options, good dietary behaviours, meal patterns and importance of physical activity. 	Verbal counselling
6. Rise	 Introduction to RISE initiative, its purpose and objectives Showcasing of rise products 	Rise products
7. Photographs	Clicking pictures of the event	Camera
8. Public Health Day celebration	• To spread awareness about health implications of drug abuse 1 une	Poster



Observations during the camp

Condition	Number of participants with the condition n (%)	Females with the condition n ^a	$\begin{tabular}{ c c } Males with the condition n^b (\%) \end{tabular}$
Hypertension	23 (71.8)	1	22 (73.3)
Diabetes	16 (50)	1	15 (50)
Overweight /obese	19 (59.3)	1	18 (60)
Regular physical activity	17 (53.1)	2	15 (50)
Alcohol consumption	14 (43.7)	0	14 (46.6)
Smoking cigarette or bidhi	3 (9.3)	0	3 (10)

Table 1: Health card of the beneficiaries (n=32)

a - total females = 2; b- total males = 30

Conclusion

A total of 32 beneficiaries attended the Swasthya Pahal camp organised on 14^{th} February 2020 at Bhikaji Cama Place, R. K. Puram, New Delhi. Nearly three fourths of the beneficiaries (71.8%) had hypertension (i.e. blood pressure >120mm/Hg) and half of the beneficiaries (50%) had high random blood sugar (> 140mg/dL). More than half of the beneficiaries (59.3%) were overweight/obese (i.e. Body Mass Index > 24.9 kg/m²) and nearly same number of beneficiaries (53.1%) were engaged in regular physical activity i.e. at least 4 times in a week. Some of the beneficiaries reported lack of time as the main barrier for not being able to exercise regularly.

Less than half of the beneficiaries (43.7%) consumed alcohol and nearly one tenth of the beneficiaries (9.3%) were smoking *bidhi* or cigarette, though the quantity and frequency of smoking and drinking alcohol varied widely among the beneficiaries. All the beneficiaries found the swasthya pahal initiative useful and very helpful.

Additional observations / Comments

- Most of the beneficiaries were hypertensive and diabetic. They were managing hypertension and diabetes through medication. One beneficiary was managing hypertension through diet and exercise only as he does not believe in medications.
- Most of the beneficiaries were able to walk at least 4 km daily due to their nature of job.
- All of the beneficiaries found the camp very useful.



Details of RISE products sold during the camp: Twenty eight males and two females viewed RISE products on the day. They mostly viewed earrings, pouches and t-shirts. Details of RISE products sold during the camp are mentioned below in the table.

Product	Description of the product (Size)	No. of units sold
Earrings	Medium	1
T-shirt	Extra large	1
T-shirt	Medium	1
Pouch	Small	3
Pouch	Large	1

Table 2: Details of the RISE products sold during the camp

